

*Genes , Mutations
&
Womens Family Cancer Syndromes*



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Characteristics

- A hereditary cancer syndrome is a genetic predisposition to certain types of cancer, often with onset at an **early age**.
- About **5% to 10%** of all cancers are part of a hereditary cancer syndrome result directly from mutations inherited from a parent.



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- Many family cancer syndromes are caused by inherited mutations in **tumor suppressor genes**.
- Most hereditary cancer syndromes exhibit **autosomal dominant** inheritance

Certain things make it more likely that cancers in a family are caused by a family cancer syndrome, such as:

- Many cases of the same type of cancer
- Cancers occurring at younger ages than usual
- More than one type of cancer in a single person
- Cancers occurring in both of a pair of organs
- More than one childhood cancer in siblings
- Cancer occurring in the sex not usually affected
- Cancer occurring in many generations



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Hereditary cancer syndromes related to women's cancer

- Breast and ovarian cancer (HBOC) syndrome
(*BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes*)
- Lynch syndrome
(Mutation in any of several mismatch repair (MMR) genes, including (*MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, PMS1, and PMS2*))
- Li–Fraumeni syndrome
(Inherited mutations in the *TP53 & CHEK2 genes*)
- Cowden syndrome
(Mutation in *PTEN*)
- Peutz–Jeghers syndrome
(Serine/ threonine kinase 11 (*STK11*) gene)

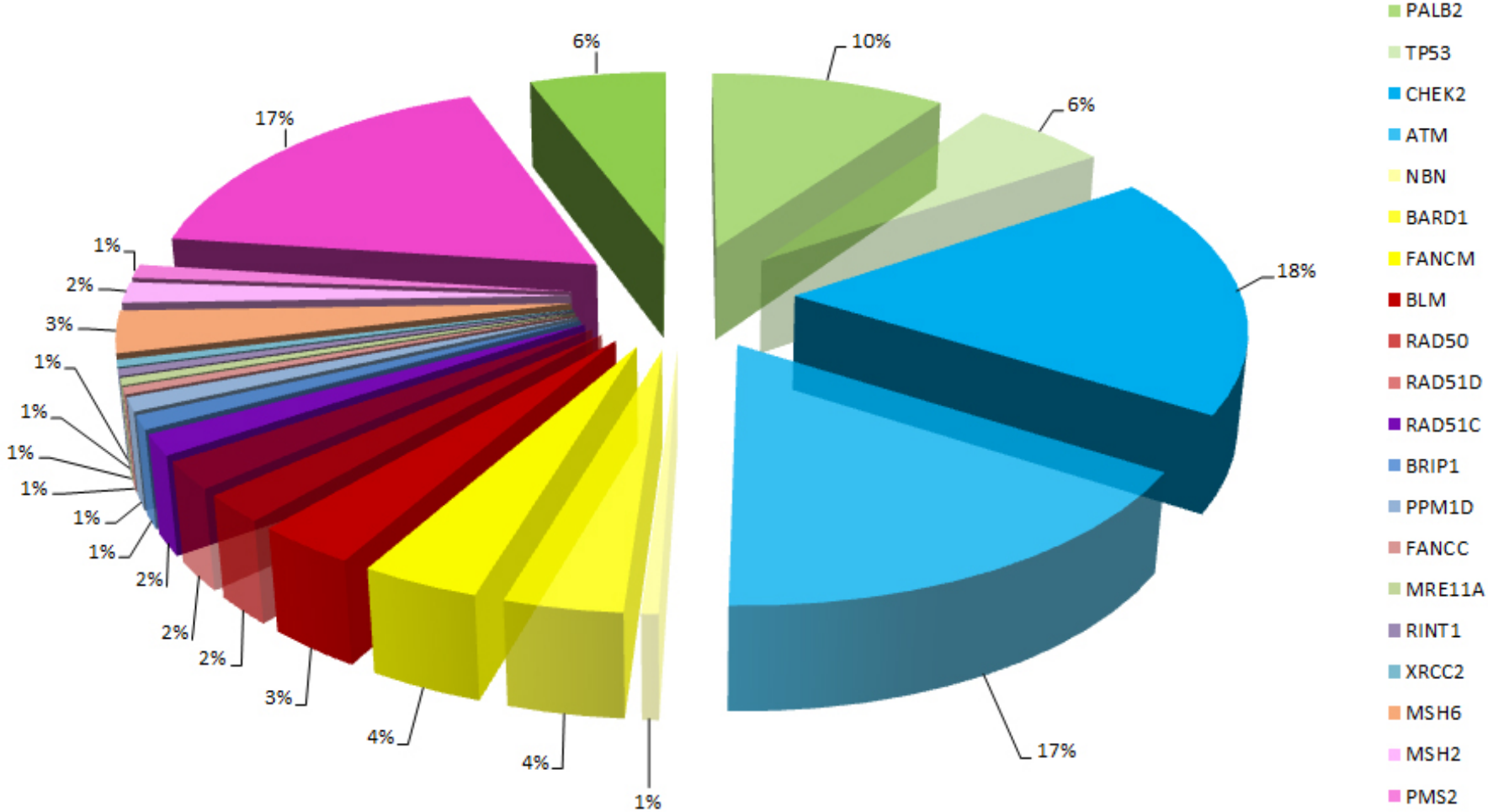
- Hereditary diffuse gastric cancer
(*CDH1* gene and the *CTNNA1* gene)
- Familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP)
(*APC* gene)
- Von Hippel-Lindau disease
(*VHL* gene)
- Multiple endocrine neoplasias
 - MEN1 (*menin* gene)
 - MEN2 (*RET* gene)



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The contribution of pathogenic variants in breast cancer susceptibility genes (other than *BRCA1* and *BRCA2*) to familial breast cancer risk (%)



According to: NPJ Breast Cancer, v.3; 2017. PMC5466608

- **Panel testing** of Breast Cancer patients who met the established criteria for hereditary Breast Cancer but who were negative for BRCA1/2 mutations provided additional relevant clinical information for approximately **11.5%** of the families.
- Our findings indicate that next generation sequencing (**NGS**) is a powerful tool to investigate putative mutagenic variants among patients who meet the criteria for hereditary BC, but with negative results on BRCA1/2 testing



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- Advances in **sequencing technology** have led to the introduction of **panel testing** in hereditary breast and ovarian cancer.
- The **clinical validity** of many of the genes on panel tests remains contentious and risk management guidelines are often lacking.



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- Deleterious mutations confer different levels of cancer risks, with **lack of sufficient evidence** for clinical actionability in many of these new genes.
- Advances in **sequencing technology** led to the introduction of simultaneous multi-gene (panel) testing which is rapidly replacing sequential single-gene testing in public and commercial service laboratories.
- Panel testing for familial breast/ovarian cancer has a **slightly** increased diagnostic yield compared to conventional BRCA1/2 testing.
- There is a **lack of consensus guidelines** on panel testing, including eligibility criteria and clinical translation of results.



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Selection Of Genetic Test/Panel According To Family History And Clinical Data

Breast ovarian cancer panel	ATM, BARD1, BRCA1, BRCA2, BRIP1, CDH1, CHEK2, MEN1, MLH1, MRE11A, MSH2, MSH6, MUTYH, NBN, PALB2, PMS1, PMS2, PTEN, RAD50, RAD51C, RAD51D, STK11, TP53, XRCC2
Ovarian cancer panel	BARD1, BRCA1, BRCA2, BRIP1, EPCAM, MLH1, MRE11A, MSH2, MSH6, NBN, PMS1, PMS2, RAD50, RAD51C, RAD51D, STK11, TP53
Endometrial cancer panel	BRCA1, BRCA2, EPCAM, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, PMS2, PTEN, STK11, POLD1



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High-Risk Genes



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>APC</i>	Colorectal (up to 93%) Duodenal or periampullary (4-12%) Gastric Thyroid (up to 3%) Pancreatic Brain-medulloblastoma Liver-hepatoblastoma Desmoid tumors Gastrointestinal polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>BMPRI1A</i>	Colorectal (up to 68%) Gastric (up to 21% if gastric polyps) Small bowel Pancreatic Gastrointestinal polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>BRCA1</i>	Female breast (55-87%) Ovarian (39-59%) Pancreatic Fallopian tube Primary peritoneal Endometrial-serous



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>BRCA2</i>	Female breast (33-84%) Ovarian (11-27%) Pancreatic (up to 7%) Melanoma Fallopian tube Primary peritoneal Endometrial-serous



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>CDH1</i>	Gastric-diffuse Female breast-lobular (39-55%) Colorectal



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>CDKN2A</i>	Melanoma (28-67%) Pancreatic (17%) Brain-astrocytoma



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>EPCAM</i>	Colorectal (69-75%) Endometrial (12-55%) Ovarian Gastric Pancreatic Biliary tract Urinary tract-transitional cell Small bowel Brain Sebaceous neoplasms



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>FH</i>	Renal-type II papillary (10-19%) Paraganglioma/Pheochromocytoma Leiomyomas-cutaneous and uterine



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>FLCN</i>	Renal cancer and tumors (6-41%)



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>MLH1</i>	Colorectal (34-46%) Endometrial (18-54%) Ovarian (10-20%) Gastric (6-20%) Urinary tract-transitional cell (1-4%) Pancreatic (1-4%) Biliary tract (2-3%) Small bowel (4-12%) Brain Sebaceous neoplasms



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>MSH2</i>	Colorectal (37-48%) Endometrial (21-57%) Ovarian (10-24%) Urinary tract-transitional cell (8-20%) Gastric Pancreatic (1-4%) Biliary tract Small bowel (1%) Brain Sebaceous neoplasms



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>MSH6</i>	Colorectal (20-44%) Endometrial (16-71%) Ovarian (1-13%) Gastric Pancreatic Biliary tract Urinary tract-transitional cell Small bowel Brain Sebaceous neoplasms



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>MUTYH</i>	Colorectal (up to 80%) Duodenal (up to 4%) Gastrointestinal polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>NF1</i>	Neurofibromas Optic nerve gliomas (15%) Pheochromocytomas (1-13%) Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumors (6- 16%) Brain tumors (2-3%) Female breast (up to 26%) Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST)



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>PALB2</i>	Female breast (up to 58%) Pancreatic Ovarian



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>PMS2</i>	Colorectal (11-20%) Endometrial (12-26%) Ovarian Gastric Pancreatic Biliary tract Urinary tract-transitional cell Small bowel Brain Sebaceous neoplasms



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>PTEN</i>	Female breast (25-85%) Thyroid (3-38%) Endometrial (5-28%) Colorectal Renal Melanoma Gastrointestinal polyps L'hermitte-Duclos disease



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>SDHB</i>	Paraganglioma/Pheochromocytoma Renal Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST)



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>SDHD</i>	Paraganglioma/Pheochromocytoma Renal Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST)



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>SMAD4</i>	Colorectal (up to 68%) Gastric (up to 21% if gastric polyps) Small bowel Pancreatic Gastrointestinal polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>STK11</i>	Female breast (up to 54%) Colorectal (39%) Pancreatic (11-36%) Gastric (29%) Ovarian tumors (21%) Lung (7-17%) Small bowel (13%) Cervical (10%) Endometrial (9%) Gastrointestinal polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>TP53</i>	Female breast (85%) Soft tissue sarcoma Osteosarcoma Brain Hematologic malignancies-Acute leukemias among others, Adrenocortical carcinoma Overall risk for cancer: up to 95% in females



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>TSC1</i>	Renal cancer (5%) and tumors Benign central nervous system tumors (subependymal nodules and subependymal giant cell astrocytomas) Hamartomatous tumors (cardiac rhabdomyomas and angiomyolipomas)



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>TSC2</i>	Renal cancer (5%) and tumors Benign central nervous system tumors (subependymal nodules and subependymal giant cell astrocytomas) Hamartomatous tumors (cardiac rhabdomyomas and angiomyolipomas)



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>VHL</i>	Renal-clear cell (up to 69%) Hemangioblastomas-retinal and central nervous system (50-80%), Pheochromocytomas (11- 19%) Pancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (8-17%) Endolymphatic sac tumors (up to 10%)



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Moderate Risk Genes



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>ATM</i>	Female breast (27-33%) Colorectal Ovarian Pancreati



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>BRIP1</i>	Ovarian Female Breast



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>CHEK2</i>	Female breast Colorectal Gastric Renal Thyroid



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>RAD51C</i>	Ovarian Female breast



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>RAD51D</i>	Ovarian Female breast



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Newer Genes



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>AXIN2</i>	Colorectal Colon polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>NBN</i>	Female breast Non-Hodgkin lymphoma,



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>NTHL1</i>	Colorectal Colon polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>POLD1</i>	Colorectal Endometrial Colon polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>POLE</i>	Colorectal Colon polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>SCG5/ GREM1</i>	Colorectal Colon polyps



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Gene	Lifetime Cancer and/or Tumor Risks
<i>SDHC</i>	Paraganglioma/Pheochromocytoma Renal Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST)

THANK YOU

